DOCUMENTS ON BOARD AIRCRAFT: [91.203(a)(1), 91.293(a)(2), FCC, 91.9(b), 91.103, Aircraft Flight Manual]

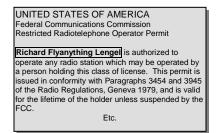
- 1. <u>Airworthiness Certificate</u> 91.203(a)(1) (must be displayed at cabin or cockpit entrance so it is legible to passengers and crew)(The Airworthiness Certificate remains valid as long as the aircraft is maintained and operated as required by the FARs)
- Registration papers 91.203 (A TEMPORARY registration is NOT acceptable for international travel)
- 3. Radio Station License FCC Form 605 (NOT required within the U.S. IS required outside the U.S.) This aircraft radio station license is good for 10 years but is not transferable if the aircraft is sold.
- 4. Operating Limitations 91.9(b) and Aircraft Flight Manual. (14 CFR 23.1581)
- Weight & Balance data 91.103, 135.185 and Aircraft Flight Manual. (14 CFR 23.1581) FCC Federal Communications Commission DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION STANDARD AIRWORTHINES CERTIFICATE Wireless Telecommunications Bureau RADIO STATION AUTHORIZATION N123FU DA-20F TRANSPORT 341 NONE FCC 605 RONALD McDONALD **Operating Limitations** REGISTRATION NOT TRANSFERABLE & DEPARTMENT OF TRASPORTATION-FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION CERTIFICATE OF AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION Weight & Balance data STRATION MARKS N 4823U LENGEL WORLD AIRLINES 1223 RIVERSIDE DRIVE CHARLOTTE NC 28214 Aircraft registration must be renewed every 3 years. (47.40)

CERTIFICATES REQUIRED IN PILOT'S POSSESSION: (61.3)

"R-P-M"

Radio permit (FCC license) — FCC Form 605 — NOT required for operations WITHIN the U.S. but IS required for operations OUTSIDE the U.S. (ICAO rules). A Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit is good for life. Call the FCC at 888-225-5322 (www.fcc.gov) for a copy of the form and the current fee.

- Pilots certificate in your personal possession or readily accessible in the aircraft the original only
 — a copy will not do and a PHOTO IDENTIFICATION such as driver's license, Government or
 <u>State ID</u> card, U.S. <u>Armed Forces ID</u>, <u>Passport</u>, <u>Airport Security Badge</u>, or "other form of identification that the Administrator finds acceptable". (61.3)
- 3. Medical in your personal possession or readily accessible in the aircraft the original only. (61.3)





UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration MEDICAL CERTIFICATE FIRST CLASS							
This certifies that (full name and address): Richard Flyanything Lengel 1223 Riverside Drive							
Charlotte, NC 28214							
Date of Birth	Height	Weight	Hair	Eyes	Sex		
4/14/XX	68	175	Brn	Blue	M		
Has meet the medical standards prescribed in part 67, Federal Aviation Regulations, for this class of Medical Certificate.							
Limitations	NONE						
Date of Examination 01/08/20XX			Examiner's Designation No. 07253-3				
Etc.							

INSPECTION of CERTIFICATE — PRESENTATION of DOCUMENTS: [61.3, 61.51(i)]

Each person who holds an <u>AIRMAN CERTIFICATE</u>, <u>MEDICAL</u> certificate, <u>LOGBOOK</u>, authorization, or license required by this part must present it for inspection upon a request from:

- 1. The Administrator;
- 2. An authorized representative of the NTSB:
- 3. Any Federal, State, or local law enforcement officer; or
- 4. An authorized representative of the Transportation Security Administration.

TYPE RATING REQUIREMENTS — CATEGORY / CLASS RATING: [61.31(a)(b)(c)(d)]

- A person who acts as a <u>Pilot In Command</u> of a <u>large aircraft</u> (more than 12,500 lbs gross takeoff weight), a <u>turbojet</u>-powered airplane, or <u>other aircraft</u> specified by the Administrator <u>must</u> hold a type rating for that aircraft.
- If the aircraft requires two pilots, the pilot must also be <u>CURRENT</u> in that aircraft see <u>61.58</u> Maintaining Currency for a Type Rating <u>Pilot-In-Command Proficiency Check</u>: "<u>Operation</u> of Aircraft Requiring More than One Pilot Flight Crewmember". See this chapter.
- 3. A person <u>may be authorized</u> to <u>operate without</u> a <u>type rating</u> for up to <u>60 days</u> at a time provided the <u>Administrator has authorized</u> the flight or series of flights for the purpose of a <u>ferry</u> flight, <u>training</u> flight, <u>test</u> flight, or <u>practical test</u> for certificate or rating and as long as it involves only the carriage of flight crewmembers essential for the flight and does not involve compensation or hire. The FSDO may issue a <u>Letter Of Authorization</u> (<u>LOA</u>) in lieu of the type rating. The FSDO may also issue an LOA letter for a pilot with a type rating for ferry or training flights for the purpose of meeting the 12 month or 24 month proficiency check requirements of 61.58.
- 4. An applicant for a type rating needs only a <u>THIRD CLASS medical</u> to take the practical test (<u>flight test</u>) <u>in</u> the <u>aircraft</u> and receive the type rating. When taking the flight test in a <u>simulator</u> he would <u>not need ANY medical</u> at all [61.23(b)(8)]. He would however need the appropriate class medical (depending on the type of operation) to actually serve as a required flight crewmember in the aircraft (duh!).
- 5. <u>To serve</u> as <u>Pilot In Command</u> of an <u>aircraft</u>, a person <u>must hold</u> the appropriate <u>category</u>, <u>class</u>, and <u>type rating</u> (if required) or be receiving training for that rating under the supervision of an authorized instructor or have received an endorsement for solo flight in that aircraft from an instructor authorized to provide the required endorsement.

COMPLEX AIRPLANES — **ENDORSEMENT:** [61.31(e)]

1. No person may act as Pilot In Command of a complex airplane (retractable gear, flaps, and a controllable pitch propeller; or, in the case of a seaplane, flaps and a controllable pitch propeller), unless that person has received and logged ground and flight training from an authorized instructor in a complex airplane or simulator — has been found proficient — and has received a one-time endorsement in the pilot's logbook from the instructor who certifies the person is proficient.

This training and endorsement is <u>not required</u> if the person has <u>logged</u> flight time as <u>Pilot In Command</u> of a complex airplane or simulator <u>prior to</u> <u>August 4, 1997</u>.

A pilot may <u>LOG PIC</u> time in a <u>complex</u> or <u>high</u> <u>performance</u> aircraft <u>without</u> the appropriate <u>endorsements</u> if he is the "sole manipulator of the <u>controls</u> of an <u>aircraft for which</u> the <u>pilot</u> is <u>rated</u>" (category, class, and type) and the <u>ACTING PIC</u> is appropriately rated and does have the appropriate endorsements. (61.51)

The FAA has determined that airplanes equipped with retractable landing gear, flaps, and a Full Authority Digital Engine Control (FADEC) meet the definition of being a complex airplane and may be used for commercial pilot and flight instructor certification. Currently the only aircraft that meets these requirements is the Diamond DA42.

(FAA Notice N 8000.331)

HIGH-PERFORMANCE AIRPLANES — ENDORSEMENT: [61.31(f)] 1. No person may set as Bilat in Command of a high performance circles a (more

- . No person may act as Pilot In Command of a high-performance airplane (more than 200 hp produced by one of the engines), unless that person has received and logged ground and flight training from an authorized instructor in a high-performance airplane or simulator has been found proficient and has received a one-time endorsement in the pilot's logbook from the instructor who certifies the person is proficient. NOTE: A small twin with 200 hp or less per side would not count as a high performance aircraft for the purpose of this regulation.
- This training and endorsement is <u>not required</u> if the person has <u>logged</u> flight time as <u>Pilot In</u>
 <u>Command</u> of a high performance airplane or simulator <u>prior to August 4, 1997</u>.

OPERATIONS REQUIRING A MEDICAL CERTIFICATE: (61.23, 67.111)

A person must hold:

- A <u>First-Class</u> medical certificate when exercising the privileges of an <u>Airline Transport Pilot</u> certificate. Required for Part 135 <u>PASSENGER-carrying operations only</u> No person may serve as <u>PIC</u> of a <u>turbojet</u> (carrying passengers), or an airplane having <u>10 or more passenger seats</u>, <u>OR</u> a <u>multiengine</u> airplane in a <u>commuter operation</u> unless he holds an <u>Airline Transport Pilot</u> certificate and a current <u>1st Class Medical</u> (135.243).
- 2. At least a **Second-Class** medical certificate when exercising the privileges of a **Commercial Pilot** certificate. Required for all commercial flying except that which requires an ATP (no "EKG" required).
- At least a <u>Third-Class</u> medical certificate when exercising the privileges of a <u>Private Pilot</u>, <u>Recreational Pilot</u>, <u>Student Pilot</u>, or <u>Flight Instructor</u> (with certain exceptions for gliders and balloons).

CFIs need only a Third-Class medical to give instruction (and get paid for it) if they act as a required crewmember, but no medical at all if they don't act as a required crew member (and they can still get paid for it).

OPERATIONS NOT REQUIRING A MEDICAL CERTIFICATE: (61.23)

A person is not required to hold a medical certificate:

- 1. When exercising the privileges of a pilot certificate with a **glider** category rating;
- 2. When exercising the privileges of a pilot certificate with a **balloon** category rating;
- 3. When exercising the privileges of a <u>student pilot</u> certificate <u>while seeking</u> a pilot certificate with a **glider** category rating or **balloon** class rating;
- 4. When exercising the privileges of a **flight instructor** certificate with a **glider** category rating;
- 5. When exercising the privileges of a <u>flight instructor</u> certificate if the person is <u>not acting as pilot in</u> command or serving as a required pilot flight crewmember;
- 6. When exercising the privileges of a **ground instructor** certificate;
- 7. When serving as an **examiner** or **check airman** during the administration of a test or check for a certificate, rating, or authorization conducted **in a** flight **simulator** or flight training device; or
- 8. When <u>taking a test</u> or check for a certificate, rating, or authorization conducted <u>in a</u> flight <u>simulator</u> or flight training device.
- 9. A **sport pilot** when using a valid U.S. driver's license to meet the requirements who has been found eligible for the issuance of at least a third-class airman medical certificate at the time of his or her most recent application (if the person has applied for a medical certificate) and does not know of any medical condition that would make that person unable to operate a light-sport aircraft in a safe manner.



DURATION OF A MEDICAL CERTIFICATE: (61.23, 61.19)

If you hold a	And on the date of examination for your most recent medical certificate you were	And you are conducting an operation requiring	Then your medical certificate expires, for that operation, at the end of the last day of the
First Class (Reverts to 2 nd Class then 3 rd Class respectively after dates shown)	Under age 40	an Airline Transport Pilot certificate	12 th month after the month of the date of examination shown on the medical certificate.
	Age 40 or older	an Airline Transport Pilot certificate	6 th month after the month of the date of examination shown on the medical certificate.
Second Class (Reverts to 3 rd Class after the 12 th month)	Any age	a Commercial Pilot certificate or an Air Traffic Control Tower Operator certificate	12 th month after the month of the date of examination shown on the medical certificate.
Third Class	Under age 40 (NOTE: The duration of a student pilot certificate matches the duration of a third class medical certificate.)	a Recreational Pilot certificate, a Private Pilot certificate, a Flight Instructor certificate (when acting as PIC or a required pilot flight crewmember in operations other than glider or balloon), a Student Pilot certificate, or a Sport Pilot certificate (when not using a U.S. driver's license as medical qualification)	60 th month after the month of the date of examination shown on the medical certificate.
	Age 40 or older	Same as above	24 th month after the month of the date of examination shown on the medical certificate.

You must report all visits to any health professional within the last 3 years including names and addresses.

Even an annual physical exam from your family doctor should be reported, but routine dental or eye examinations need not be reported. More serious medical problems may require additional documentation.

NOTE: A 1st Class medical requires an electrocardiogram—aka

"EKG"— examination at the <u>first application after reaching</u> the person's <u>35th birthday</u> and on an <u>annual basis after</u> reaching the person's <u>40th birthday</u>. (67.111)



"On the plus side, you certainly have a fantastic memory captain. Now let's turn around and try it again. We moved the chart to the opposite wall since your last visit."



For each eye separately.

VISION REQUIREMENTS						
\int_{0}^{∞}	1st & 2nd	3rd				
	Class	Class				
Distance	20/20	20/40				
Vision	corrected	corrected				
Near	20/40	20/40				
Vision	corrected	corrected				
No limitation on how hadly you see						

No limitation on how badly you see without correction.

20/20

The first 20 of the 20/20 refers to 20 feet away from the **Snellen eye chart**.

If the smallest line you can read is the 20/60 line, your eyes are seeing that line as if a person with 20/20 vision were standing 60 feet from the chart instead of 20.